

# WISCONSIN BONE MARROW AND ORGAN DONATION LEAVE ACT

**Section 103.11, Wisconsin Statutes, requires all employers with 50 or more employees to display a copy of this poster in the workplace.** Employers with 25 or more employees are required to post their particular leave policies.

Under state law all employers with 50 or more permanent employees must allow employees of either sex:

- ▶ Up to six (6) weeks leave in a 12-month period for the purpose of serving as a bone marrow or organ donor, provided that the employee provides his or her employer with written verification that the employee is to serve as a bone marrow or organ donor and so long as the leave is only for the period necessary for the employee to undergo the bone marrow or organ donation procedure and to recover from the procedure.

This law applies only to an employee who has worked for the employer more than 52 consecutive weeks and for at least 1000 hours during that 52-week period. The law also requires that employees be allowed to substitute paid or unpaid leave provided by the employer for Wisconsin Bone Marrow or Organ Donation Leave. Employers may have leave policies that are more generous than leaves required by the law.

A complaint concerning a denial of rights under this law must be filed within 30 days after the violation occurs or the employee should have reasonably known that the violation occurred, whichever is later.

For answers to questions about the law, a complete copy of the law, or to make a complaint about a denial of rights under the law contact:



**STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
EQUAL RIGHTS DIVISION**



PO BOX 8928  
MADISON WI 53708  
Telephone: (608) 266-6860

819 N 6TH ST, ROOM 723  
MILWAUKEE WI 53203  
Telephone: (414) 227-4384

**Website: <http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/er/>**

The Department of Workforce Development is an equal opportunity employer and service provider. If you have a disability and need to access this information in an alternate format or need it translated to another language, please contact us.

ERD-18114-E-P (06/2020)

# BUSINESS CLOSING/MASS LAYOFF NOTIFICATION

## Employee Rights under Wisconsin's Business Closing/Mass Layoff Notification Law

**Under Wisconsin law, employees have certain rights and employers have certain obligations to give proper notice to their employees and others before taking certain actions.**

### **What is a "business closing" or "mass layoff?"**

A "business closing" requires notice if there is a permanent or temporary shutdown of an employment site or of one or more facilities or operating units at an employment site or within a single municipality that affects 25 or more employees (not including "new" or "low-hour" employees). A "mass layoff" requires notice if there is a reduction in the workforce that is not a "business closing" and which affects the following number of employees (excluding new or low hour employees) at an employment site or within a single municipality:

- 1. At least 25% of the employer's workforce or 25 employees, whichever is greater or**
- 2. At least 500 employees.**

Employees are counted if their employment is terminated (not including discharges for cause, voluntary departures, or retirements), if they are laid off for more than 6 months, or if their hours are reduced more than 50 percent during each month of any 6-month period, as the result of a business closing or mass layoff. New or low-hour employees - who have been employed for fewer than 6 of the 12 months preceding the date on which a notice is required or who average fewer than 20 hours of work per week - are **not** counted.

### **Who must provide notice and when?**

With certain exceptions, businesses employing 50 or more persons in the State of Wisconsin must provide written notice 60 days before implementing a "business closing" or "mass layoff" in this state. The federal or state government (and their political subdivisions), charitable or tax exempt institutions and organizations, and independent contractors are not covered under this law and do not have to provide notice. Additional exceptions exist in various situations involving strikes or lockouts, sales, relocations, temporary or seasonal employment,

unforeseeable circumstances, natural or man-made disasters, temporary cessation in operations, or businesses in financial trouble.

**What employees are entitled to receive notice?** Employees are entitled to receive notice if they are counted as part of "business closing" or "mass layoff." New or low-hour employees may also be entitled to receive notice in situations where there is a "business closing" or "mass layoff."

**What can employees recover if notice is required and not given?** If an employer implements a "business closing" or "mass layoff" without providing required notice, an affected employee may recover back pay and benefits for each day that required notice was not provided (up to a maximum of 60 days). An affected employee may also recover attorney fees and costs in a lawsuit.

**If you have questions regarding this law or wish to file a complaint, call or write us at:**

**STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
EQUAL RIGHTS DIVISION**

201 E. WASHINGTON AVE. ROOM A100  
PO BOX 8928, MADISON, WI 53708  
Telephone: (608) 266-6860

819 N. 6TH ST. ROOM 723  
MILWAUKEE, WI 53203  
Telephone: (414) 227-4384

**Website: <http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/er/>**

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ERD-9006-P (R. 06/2020)

# CESSATION OF HEALTH CARE BENEFIT

## ADVANCE NOTICE REQUIRED WHEN EMPLOYERS DECIDE TO CEASE PROVIDING A HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN

Wisconsin law (Wis. Stat. § 109.075) requires employers who plan to discontinue health care benefits to current employees, retirees, and dependents of employees or retirees in some instances to provide the affected individuals with 60 days' notice of the cessation of benefits.

**Q. Which employers must comply with this requirement?**

**A.** An employer who operates a business enterprise in Wisconsin that employs 50 or more persons in the state must provide written notice of its intention to cease providing health care benefits to affected parties.

**Q. Who is an affected individual entitled to this notice?**

**A.** Employees, any union representing employees of that business, retirees and dependents of employees and retirees currently covered by the health care benefit plan are entitled to receive 60 days advanced written notice that their benefits will cease.

**Q. Why should an affected person file a complaint about not receiving 60 days' notice of the cessation of a health care benefit plan?**

**A.** A person who did not receive proper notice may receive either the value of the insurance premium(s) for the period without notice or the actual value of medical expenses incurred during the non-notification period (maximum of 60 days).

**Q. If I have questions concerning this requirement or if I wish to file a complaint about not receiving notice, whom should I contact?**

**A.** Contact either the Equal Rights Division in Milwaukee or Madison listed below.

**STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT EQUAL RIGHTS DIVISION**

201 E WASHINGTON AVE, ROOM A300  
PO BOX 8928  
MADISON WI 53708  
Telephone: (608) 266-6860

819 N 6th ST  
ROOM 723  
MILWAUKEE WI 53203  
Telephone: (414) 227-4384

**Website: <http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/er/>**

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ERD-11054-P (R. 06/2020)

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# CHILD LABOR LAWS

## Hours and Times of Day Minors May Work in Wisconsin

State and federal laws do not limit the hours that minors 16 years of age or over may work, except that they may not be employed or permitted to work during hours of required school attendance under Wis. Stat. § 118.15.

State and federal laws also permit minors under 16 to work up to seven days per week in the delivery of newspapers and agriculture. In most other types of labor, minors under 16 may only work six days a week.

Most employers must obtain work permits for minors under 16 before permitting them to work. For further information, see the Wisconsin Employment of Minors Guide (ERD-4758-P).

Maximum Hours of Work for 14 & 15 year-old minors	After Labor Day through May 31	June 1 through Labor Day
<b>Daily Hours</b>		
Non-School Days	8 hours	8 hours
School Days	3 hours	3 hours
<b>Weekly Hours</b>		
Non-School Weeks	40 hours	40 hours
School Weeks	18 hours	18 hours
Permitted Time of Day	7am-7pm	7am-9pm

**Employers** subject to both federal and state laws must comply with the more stringent section of the two laws.

**State** child labor laws prohibit work during times that minors are required to be in school, except for students participating in work experience and career exploration programs operated by the school.

**Minors under 16 years of age** are limited to the maximum hours and time of day restrictions even though they may work for more than one employer during the same day or week.

**Minors under 14 years of age** are allowed to work in certain occupations (e.g., street trades, agriculture, and work in school lunch programs. See the Wisconsin Employment of Minors Guide, ERD-4758-P, for more detail). These minors are subject to the same hourly and time of day restrictions as minors who are 14 or 15 years of age.

**Minors under 18 years of age** may not work more than 6 consecutive hours without having a 30-minute, duty free meal period.

**Minors 16 & 17 years of age** who are employed after 11:00 pm must have 8 hours of rest between the end of one shift and the start of the next shift.

**Minimum Wage** for minors is \$7.25 per hour. Employers may pay an "Opportunity Wage" of \$5.90 per hour for the first 90 days of employment. On the 91<sup>st</sup> day, the wage must increase to \$7.25 per hour.

**For further information** about the federal child labor laws call (608) 441-5221, or write to U.S. Department of Labor, Wage & Hour, 740 Regent Street, Suite 102, Madison, WI 53715.

**For further information** about the state child labor laws, call the Equal Rights Division in Madison (608) 266-6860 or Milwaukee (414) 227-4384.

### DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT - EQUAL RIGHTS DIVISION

PO BOX 8928 MADISON WI 53708

Telephone: (608) 266-6860

Website: <http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/er/>

DWD is an equal opportunity employer and service provider. If you have a disability and need assistance with this information, please dial 7-1-1 for Wisconsin Relay Service. Please contact the Equal Rights Division at (608) 266-6861 to request information in an alternate format, including translated to another language.

ERD-9212-P (R. 06/2020)

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# DISCRIMINATION

## WISCONSIN FAIR EMPLOYMENT LAW

Section 111.31-111.395 Wisconsin Statutes and DWD 218 Wisconsin Administrative Code requires that all employers prominently display this Poster in all places of employment.

It is unlawful to discriminate against employees and job applicants because of their:

- Sex
- Color
- Ancestry
- Disability
- Marital Status
- Race
- Creed (Religion)
- Age (40 or Over)
- Declining to Attend a Meeting or Participate in any Communication About Religious or Political Matters
- Use of Lawful Products
- Arrest or Conviction
- Honesty Testing
- National Origin
- Pregnancy or Childbirth
- Sexual Orientation
- Genetic Testing
- Military Service

This law applies to employers, employment agencies, labor unions and licensing agencies. Employers may not require certain types of honesty testing or genetic testing as a condition of employment, nor discipline an employee because of the results. Employees may not be harassed in the workplace based on their protected status nor retaliated against for filing a complaint, for assisting with a complaint, or for opposing discrimination in the workplace. There is a 300-day time limit for filing a discrimination complaint. **For more information or a copy of the law and the administrative rules contact:**

**STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
EQUAL RIGHTS DIVISION**

201 E WASHINGTON AVE ROOM A100  
PO BOX 8928  
MADISON WI 53708-8928  
Telephone: (608) 266-6860

819 N 6th ST  
ROOM 723  
MILWAUKEE WI 53203  
Telephone: (414) 227-4384

**Website: <http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/er/>**

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ERD-4531-P (R. 06/2020)

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# EEOC KNOW YOUR RIGHTS: WORKPLACE DISCRIMINATION IS ILLEGAL



## Know Your Rights: Workplace Discrimination is Illegal

The U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) enforces Federal laws that protect you from discrimination in employment. If you believe you've been discriminated against at work or in applying for a job, the EEOC may be able to help.

### Who is Protected?

- Employees (current and former), including managers and temporary employees
- Job applicants
- Union members and applicants for membership in a union

### What Organizations are Covered?

- Most private employers
- State and local governments (as employers)
- Educational institutions (as employers)
- Unions
- Staffing agencies

### What Types of Employment Discrimination are Illegal?

Under the EEOC's laws, an employer may not discriminate against you, regardless of your immigration status, on the bases of:

- Race
- Color
- Religion
- National origin
- Sex (including pregnancy and related conditions, sexual orientation, or gender identity)
- Age (40 and older)
- Disability
- Genetic information (including employer requests for, or purchase, use, or disclosure

of genetic tests, genetic services, or family medical history)

- Retaliation for filing a charge, reasonably opposing discrimination, or participating in a discrimination lawsuit, investigation, or proceeding.

### What Employment Practices can be Challenged as Discriminatory?

- All aspects of employment, including:
- Discharge, firing, or lay-off
  - Harassment (including unwelcome verbal or physical conduct)
  - Hiring or promotion
  - Assignment
  - Pay (unequal wages or compensation)
  - Failure to provide reasonable accommodation for a disability or a sincerely-held religious belief, observance or practice
  - Benefits
  - Job training
  - Classification
  - Referral
  - Obtaining or disclosing genetic information of employees
  - Requesting or disclosing medical information of employees
  - Conduct that might reasonably discourage

someone from opposing discrimination, filing a charge, or participating in an investigation or proceeding.

### What can You Do if You Believe Discrimination has Occurred?

Contact the EEOC promptly if you suspect discrimination. Do not delay, because there are strict time limits for filing a charge of discrimination (180 or 300 days, depending on where you live/work). You can reach the EEOC in any of the following ways:

**Submit** an inquiry through the EEOC's public portal: <https://publicportal.eeoc.gov/Portal/Login.aspx>

**Call** 1-800-669-4000 (toll free)  
1-800-669-6820 (TTY)  
1-844-234-5122 (ASL video phone)

**Visit** an EEOC field office (information at [www.eeoc.gov/field-office](http://www.eeoc.gov/field-office))

**E-Mail** [info@eeoc.gov](mailto:info@eeoc.gov)

Additional information about the EEOC, including information about filing a charge of discrimination, is available at [www.eeoc.gov](http://www.eeoc.gov).



## EMPLOYERS HOLDING FEDERAL CONTRACTS OR SUBCONTRACTS

The Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) enforces the nondiscrimination and affirmative action commitments of companies doing business with the Federal Government. If you are applying for a job with, or are an employee of, a company with a Federal contract or subcontract, you are protected under Federal law from discrimination on the following bases:

**Race, Color, Religion, Sex, Sexual Orientation, Gender Identity, National Origin** Executive Order 11246, as amended, prohibits employment discrimination by Federal contractors based on race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin, and requires affirmative action to ensure equality of opportunity in all aspects of employment.

**Asking About, Disclosing, or Discussing Pay** Executive Order 11246, as amended, protects applicants and employees of Federal contractors from discrimination based on inquiring about, disclosing, or discussing their compensation or the compensation of other applicants or employees.

**Disability** Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, protects qualified individuals with disabilities from discrimination in hiring, promotion, discharge, pay, fringe benefits, job training, classification, referral, and other aspects of employment by Federal contractors. Disability discrimination includes not making reasonable accommodation to the known physical or mental limitations of an otherwise qualified individual with a disability who is an applicant or employee, barring undue hardship to the employer. Section 503 also requires that Federal contractors take affirmative action to employ and

advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities at all levels of employment, including the executive level.

**Protected Veteran Status** The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. 4212, prohibits employment discrimination against, and requires affirmative action to recruit, employ, and advance in employment, disabled veterans, recently separated veterans (i.e., within three years of discharge or release from active duty), active duty wartime or campaign badge veterans, or Armed Forces service medal veterans.

**Retaliation** Retaliation is prohibited against a person who files a complaint of discrimination, participates in an OFCCP proceeding, or otherwise opposes discrimination by Federal contractors under these Federal laws. Any person who believes a contractor has violated its nondiscrimination or affirmative action obligations under OFCCP's authorities should contact immediately: The Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20210 1-800-397-6251 (toll-free) If you are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability, please dial 7-1-1 to access telecommunications relay services. OFCCP may also be contacted by submitting a question online to OFCCP's Help Desk at <https://ofccphelpdesk.dol.gov/s/>, or by calling an OFCCP regional or district office, listed in most telephone directories under U.S. Government, Department of Labor and on OFCCP's "Contact Us" webpage at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ofccp/contact>.

## PROGRAMS OR ACTIVITIES RECEIVING FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

**Race, Color, National Origin, Sex** In addition to the protections of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin in programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance. Employment discrimination is covered by Title VI if the primary objective of the financial assistance is provision of employment, or where employment discrimination causes or may cause discrimination in providing services under such programs. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of sex in educational programs or activities which receive Federal financial assistance.

**Individuals with Disabilities** Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, prohibits employment discrimination on the basis of disability in any program or activity which receives Federal financial assistance. Discrimination is prohibited in all aspects of employment against persons with disabilities who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the job. If you believe you have been discriminated against in a program of any institution which receives Federal financial assistance, you should immediately contact the Federal agency providing such assistance.

(Revised 10/20/2022)



## Conozca sus Derechos: La Discriminación en el Lugar de Trabajo es Ilegal

La Comisión Para la Igualdad de Oportunidades en el Empleo (EEOC, por sus siglas en inglés) de los EE. UU. hace cumplir las leyes federales que lo protegen contra la discriminación en el empleo. Si cree que ha sido discriminado(a) en el trabajo o al solicitar un trabajo, la EEOC puede ayudarle.

### ¿Quién está Protegido?

- Empleados (actuales y anteriores), incluyendo gerentes y empleados temporales
- Aplicantes de trabajo
- Miembros de sindicatos y Solicitantes de membresía en un sindicato

### ¿Qué Organizaciones están Cubiertas?

- La mayoría de los empleadores privados
- Gobiernos estatales y locales (como empleadores)
- Instituciones educativas (como empleadores)
- Sindicatos
- Agencias de empleo

### ¿Qué Tipos de Discriminación Laboral son Ilegales?

Según las leyes de la EEOC, un empleador no puede discriminarlo, independientemente de su estatus migratorio, por motivos de:

- Raza
- Color
- Religión
- Origen nacional
- Sexo (incluyendo embarazo y condiciones relacionadas, orientación sexual o identidad de género)
- Edad (40 años o más)
- Discapacidad
- Información genética (incluyendo solicitudes

del empleador para la compra, el uso o la divulgación de pruebas genéticas, servicios genéticos o historial médico familiar)

- Tomar represalias por presentar un cargo, oponerse razonablemente a la discriminación o participar en una demanda, investigación o procedimiento por discriminación.

### ¿Qué Prácticas Laborales Pueden ser Discriminatorias?

Todos los aspectos del empleo, incluyendo:

- Despidos
- Acoso (incluyendo conducta física o verbal no deseada)
- Contratación o promoción
- Asignaciones
- Remuneración (salarios desiguales o compensación)
- Falta de proporcionar adaptaciones razonables para una discapacidad o para la creencia, observancia o práctica de una fe religiosa sinceramente realizada
- Beneficios
- Formación profesional
- Clasificación
- Referencias
- Obtención o divulgación de información genética de los empleados
- Solicitud o divulgación de información médica

de los empleados

- Conducta que podría desalentar razonablemente a alguien de oponerse a la discriminación, presentar un cargo o participar en una investigación o procedimiento.

### ¿Qué Puede Hacer si Cree que ha Ocurrido Discriminación?

Comuníquese con la EEOC de inmediato si sospecha discriminación. No demore, porque existen límites de tiempo estrictos para presentar una denuncia por discriminación (180 o 300 días, según el lugar donde viva o trabaje). Puede comunicarse con la EEOC de cualquiera de las siguientes maneras:

**Presentar** una consulta a través del Portal Público de la EEOC: <https://publicportal.eeoc.gov/Portal/Login.aspx>

**Llame** 1-800-669-4000 (número gratuito)  
1-800-669-6820 (TTY)  
1-844-234-5122 (Video Teléfono de ASL)

**Visite** una Oficina de Campo de la EEOC (información en [www.eeoc.gov/field-office](http://www.eeoc.gov/field-office))

**Corre Electrónico:** [info@eeoc.gov](mailto:info@eeoc.gov)

Información adicional sobre la EEOC, incluyendo información sobre cómo presentar un cargo de discriminación, está disponible en [www.eeoc.gov/es](http://www.eeoc.gov/es).



## EMPLEADORES QUE TIENEN CONTRATOS O SUBCONTRATOS FEDERALES

La Oficina de Programas de Cumplimiento de Contratos Federales (OFCCP, por sus siglas en inglés) del Departamento de Trabajo hace cumplir los compromisos de no discriminación y acción afirmativa de las empresas que hacen negocios con el gobierno federal. Si está solicitando un trabajo con, o es un empleado de una empresa con un contrato o subcontrato federal, usted está protegido(a) por la ley federal contra la discriminación en las siguientes bases:

**Raza, Color, Religión, Sexo, Orientación Sexual, Identidad de Género, Origen Nacional** La Orden Ejecutiva 11246, enmendada, prohíbe la discriminación laboral por parte de los contratistas federales por motivos de raza, color, religión, sexo, orientación sexual, identidad de género u origen nacional, y requiere acción afirmativa para garantizar la igualdad de oportunidades en todos los aspectos del empleo.

**Preguntar, Divulgar o Discutir Salarios** La Orden Ejecutiva 11246, enmendada, protege a los solicitantes y empleados de contratistas federales de la discriminación basada en preguntar, divulgar o discutir su compensación o la compensación de otros solicitantes o empleados.

**Discapacidad** La Sección 503 del Acta de Rehabilitación de 1973, según enmendada, protege a las personas calificadas con discapacidades contra la discriminación en la contratación, promoción, despido, pago, beneficios complementarios, capacitación laboral, clasificación, referencias y otros aspectos del empleo por parte de contratistas federales. La discriminación por discapacidad incluye no hacer adaptaciones razonables a las limitaciones físicas o mentales conocidas de una persona con una discapacidad que de otro modo calificaría y que es un solicitante o empleado, a menos que haga una dificultad excesiva para el empleador. La Sección 503 también requiere que los contratistas federales tomen medidas afirmativas para emplear y promover a personas calificadas con discapacidades en todos los niveles de

empleo, incluyendo a nivel ejecutivo.

**Estatus Protegido Como Veterano** El Acta de Asistencia para el Reajuste de los Veteranos de la Era de Vietnam de 1974, modificada, 38 U.S.C. 4212, prohíbe la discriminación laboral y requiere acción afirmativa para reclutar, emplear y avanzar en el empleo a veteranos discapacitados, veteranos recientemente separados (es decir, dentro de los tres años posteriores al su separación o liberación del servicio activo), veteranos en servicio activo en tiempo de guerra o insignia de campaña, o veteranos con medallas de servicio de las fuerzas armadas.

**Represalias** Se prohíben las represalias contra una persona que presente una queja por discriminación, participe en un procedimiento de la OFCCP o se oponga a la discriminación por parte de contratistas federales en virtud de estas leyes federales. Cualquier persona que crea que un contratista ha violado sus obligaciones de no discriminar o acción afirmativa bajo las autoridades de la OFCCP debe comunicarse de inmediato con:

La Oficina de Programas de Cumplimiento de Contratos Federales (OFCCP), Departamento de Trabajo de los EE. UU.,  
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.,  
Washington, D.C. 20210  
1-800-397-6251 (llamada gratuita).

Si es sordo, tiene problemas de audición o tiene una discapacidad del habla, marque 7-1-1 para acceder a los servicios de retransmisión de telecomunicaciones. También se puede contactar a la OFCCP enviando una pregunta en línea a la mesa de ayuda de la OFCCP en <https://ofccphelpdesk.dol.gov/s/>, o llamando a una oficina regional o distrital de la OFCCP, que figura en la mayoría de los directorios telefónicos bajo el Departamento de Trabajo de los EE.UU. y en la página web "Contáctenos" de la OFCCP en <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ofccp/contact>.

## PROGRAMAS O ACTIVIDADES QUE RECIBEN ASISTENCIA FINANCIERA FEDERAL

**Raza, Color, Origen Nacional, Sexo** Además de las protecciones del Título VII del Acta de Derechos Civiles de 1964, según enmendada, el Título VI del Acta de Derechos Civiles de 1964, según enmendada, prohíbe la discriminación por motivos de raza, color, u origen nacional en programas o actividades que reciben asistencia financiera. La discriminación laboral está cubierta por el Título VI si el objetivo principal de la asistencia financiera es la provisión de empleo, o cuando la discriminación laboral cause o pueda causar discriminación en la prestación de servicios bajo dichos programas. El Título IX de las Enmiendas de Educación de 1972 prohíbe la discriminación laboral por razón de sexo en programas o actividades educativas que reciben asistencia

financiera federal.

**Personas con Discapacidades** La Sección 504 del Acta de Rehabilitación de 1973, enmendada, prohíbe la discriminación laboral por motivos de discapacidad en cualquier programa o actividad que reciba asistencia financiera federal. Está prohibida la discriminación en todos los aspectos de empleo contra las personas con discapacidades que, con o sin ajustes razonables, pueden desempeñar las funciones esenciales del trabajo. Si cree que ha sido discriminado(a) en un programa de cualquier institución que recibe asistencia financiera federal, debe comunicarse de inmediato con la agencia federal que brinda dicha asistencia.

(Actualizado 10-20-2022)

## Employee Protections Against Use of Honesty Testing Devices (WIS. STAT. § 111.37)

**Employers who use honesty testing must display this poster in one or more conspicuous places where notices to employees are customarily posted.**

Under Wisconsin law, requiring or requesting that an employee or applicant take an honesty test (lie detector) is unlawful or heavily regulated. Further, employers may not discriminate against a person who refuses to take a test or objects to its use.

**Exceptions** An employer **may request** that an employee take a test in connection with an investigation involving economic loss or injury to a business if the employee is a reasonable suspect. Honesty tests **can be used** by law enforcement agencies and certain businesses engaged in providing security services, alarm systems, and who manufacture, distribute or sell controlled substances.

**Employee & Applicant Rights** Any legally permitted honesty test is subject to strict safeguards, including an examinee's right to proper notice, the right to discontinue a test at any time and the right to advance written notice of the questions to be asked.

**Enforcement** Victims of unlawful honesty testing may file a complaint within **300 days** after the date the unfair honesty testing occurred, at one of the offices below.

<b>STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT EQUAL RIGHTS DIVISION</b>	
STREET ADDRESS:	
201 E WASHINGTON AVE ROOM A100 MADISON WI 53703	819 N 6th ST ROOM 723 MILWAUKEE WI 53203
MAILING ADDRESS:	
PO BOX 8928, MADISON, WI 53708-8928	
Telephone: (608) 266-6860	Telephone: (414) 227-4384
<b>Website: <a href="http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/er/">http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/er/</a></b>	
The Department of Workforce Development is an equal opportunity employer and service provider. If you have a disability and need to access this information in an alternate format or need it translated to another language, please contact us.	

ERD-10861-P (R. 06/2020)

# WISCONSIN FAMILY & MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

## WISCONSIN FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

**Section 103.10, Wisconsin Statutes, requires that all employers with 50 or more employees display a copy of this poster in the workplace.** Employers with 25 or more employees are required to post their particular leave policy. Under state law all employers with 50 or more permanent employees must allow employees of either sex:

- **Up to six (6) weeks leave in a calendar year for the birth or adoption of the employee's child, providing the leave begins within sixteen (16) weeks of the birth or placement of that child.**
- **Up to two (2) weeks of leave in a calendar year for the care of a child, spouse, domestic partner, as defined in §40.02(1) or §770.01(1) or parent or a parent of a domestic partner with a serious health condition.**
- **Up to two (2) weeks leave in a calendar year for the employee's own serious health condition.**

This law only applies to an employee who has worked for the employer more than 52 consecutive weeks and for at least 1000 hours during that 52-week period. The law also requires that employees be allowed to substitute paid or unpaid leave provided by the employer for Wisconsin Family and Medical Leave. Employers may have leave policies, which are more generous than leaves required by the law. A complaint concerning a denial of rights under this law must be filed within 30 days after the violation occurs or the employee should have reasonably known that the violation occurred, whichever is later. For answers to questions about the law, a complete copy of the law, or to make a complaint about a denial of rights under the law contact:

**STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
EQUAL RIGHTS DIVISION**

201 E WASHINGTON AVE ROOM A100  
PO BOX 8928  
MADISON, WI 53708

Telephone: (608) 266-6860

819 N 6TH ST,  
ROOM 723  
MILWAUKEE WI 53203

Telephone: (414) 227-4384

**Website: <http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/er/>**

The Department of Workforce Development is an equal opportunity employer and service provider. If you have a disability and need to access this information in an alternate format or need it translated to another language, please contact us.

ERD-7983-P (R. 06/2020)

## Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace?

You as a public employee have the right, under the Wisconsin public employees' right-to-know law, to be informed about hazardous chemicals and substances in the workplace.\*

### EMPLOYEES MUST BE PROVIDED WITH:

- A list of all hazardous chemicals and information on toxic substances, pesticides, and infectious agents in the workplace.
- Access to Material Safety Data Sheets and container labels.
- Formal training in proper procedures for managing hazardous chemicals.
- A written chemical hazard communication program.



For more information contact:

Wis. Dept. of Safety and Professional Services Industry Services Division

1400 E Washington Avenue Madison, WI 53703

608-266-2112



\* State Statute 101.581(1)

SBD-6894-P (R01/17)

**PRINT**



## PUBLIC EMPLOYEE SAFETY AND HEALTH

**Authority** Wisconsin statues section 101.055 requires the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services to adopt and enforce safety and health standards that will provide protection to public employees at least equal to that provided to private sector employees under standards promulgated by Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

**Inspection** A public employee or public employee representative who believes that a safety or health standard is being violated, or that a situation exists which poses a recognized hazard likely to cause death or serious physical harm, may request the department to conduct an inspection. If the requestor so designates the identity of the requestor will be kept confidential. If the department decides not to make an inspection, the requestor will be so notified. A representative of the employer and a public employee representative will be permitted to accompany the department inspector during the inspection. The employee shall not be discriminated against with respect to either pay received or withheld for time spent on the inspection.

**Enforcement** If the department finds a violation of state standards, abatement orders will be issued to the employer. The employer shall post a copy of the orders at or near the site of the violations for 3 days or until the violation is corrected, whichever is longer. Copies of the order will be sent to the top elected official, the bargaining unit and to the person requesting the inspection.

If the department decides not to issue orders in response to a request, a written notice of that decision shall be sent to the public employee who requested the investigation. If decisions are disputed they will be reviewed.

**Discrimination** No public employer may discriminate against or discharge any public employee for exercising any right afforded by his section. A state employee who believes he or she has been discriminated against may file a complaint with the personnel commission within 30 days of employee's receipt of knowledge of the discrimination. A public employee, other than a state employee, may file a complaint with the state Division of Equal Rights within 30 days.



For more information, contact:  
Department of Safety and Professional Services  
Industry Services Division  
PO Box 7302  
1400 E Washington Ave.  
Madison, WI 53707-7302  
608-266-2112

PUBLIC EMPLOYERS ARE REQUIRED TO POST THIS NOTICE WHERE NOTICES TO EMPLOYEE ARE USUALLY POSTED

SBD 9301-P(04/17)

# RETALIATION PROTECTION FOR HEALTH CARE WORKERS

## Retaliation Protection for Health Care Workers in Wisconsin

**Any facility, as defined in s. 647.01 (4),** or any hospital, nursing home, community based residential facility, county home, county infirmary, county hospital, county mental health complex or other place licensed or approved by the department of health and family services **must display** this poster in one or more conspicuous places where notices to employees are customarily posted.

**Under section 146.997 of Wisconsin Statutes, as an employee of a health care facility or provider, you may not be disciplined at work for good faith reporting of:**

- any potential violations of state or federal law by the health care facility or provider,
- any situation where care is provided in a manner that violates state or federal standards, laws, or recognized clinical or ethical standards.

**Covered reporting** includes internal reports to any director, officer, or supervisor of the health care facility or provider, or reports to an agency or body that accredits, certifies, or approves the facility or provider, unless disclosure is prohibited by law.

Victims of unlawful retaliation may file a complaint, **within 300 days** of the date the retaliation or threat of retaliation occurred, at one of the offices below.

**STATE OF WISCONSIN  
DEPARTMENT OF WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT  
EQUAL RIGHTS DIVISION**

201 E WASHINGTON AVE, ROOM A100  
PO BOX 8928  
MADISON WI 53708

819 N 6th ST  
ROOM 723  
MILWAUKEE WI 53203

Telephone: (608) 266-6860

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ERD-12210-P (R. 06/2020)

**PRINT**

# UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

## Notice to Employees About Applying for Wisconsin Unemployment Benefits

### When To Apply

- You are totally unemployed,
- You are partially unemployed (your weekly earnings are reduced), or
- You expect to be laid off within the next 13 weeks and would like to start your benefit year early

**IMPORTANT:** Your claim begins the week you apply. To avoid any loss of benefits, apply the first week you are unemployed. Do not wait until the week is over.

### Have This Information Ready To Apply:

- A username and password for filing online
- A valid email or mobile number
- Your social security number
- Your Wisconsin driver license or identification number
- Your work history for the last 18 months:
  - Employers' business names \*\*
  - Employers' addresses (including zip code) \*\*
  - Employers' phone numbers
  - First and last dates of work with each employer
  - Reason no longer working with each employer
- Your alien registration number, document number and expiration date, if you are not a U.S. citizen
- Form DD214 (Member 4 copy), if you served in the military in the last 18 months
- Form SF-50 or SF-8, if you are a federal civilian employee
- Name and local number of your union hall, if you are a union member

**Notice to Employers:** All employers covered by Wisconsin's Unemployment Insurance law are required to prominently display this poster where employees will easily see it. If employers do not have a permanent work site regularly accessed by employees, an individual copy is to be provided to each employee. For additional copies go online at: <https://dwd.wi.gov/dwd/publications/ui/notice.htm> or call (414) 438-7705. **Please enter your UI Account business name and address in the box (at right) for employee reference.**

UCB-7-P (R. 09/2019)

### How To Apply

#### STEPS TO APPLY ONLINE:

1. Type into the internet browser:  
**my.unemployment.wisconsin.gov**
2. Read & accept Terms and Conditions
3. Create a username and password
4. Logon to access online benefit services
5. Complete your application

#### Apply Online During These Times

Sunday  
9:00 AM – 5:00 PM  
Monday – Friday  
6:00 AM – 7:00 PM  
Saturday  
9:00 AM – 2:30 PM

**For help using online services or if you are truly unable to go online call (414) 435-7069 during business hours**

For more information about unemployment insurance, visit our website: [dwd.wisconsin.gov/ui](http://dwd.wisconsin.gov/ui)



#### \*\* Employer Business Name & Address:

**Notice to Employees:** The federal Social Security Act requires that you give us your social security number. It will be used to verify your identity and determine your eligibility. If you do not provide your social security number, we cannot take your claim.

DWD is an equal opportunity employer and service provider. If you have a disability and need assistance with this information, please dial 7-1-1 for Wisconsin Relay Service. Please contact the Unemployment Insurance Division at (414) 435-7069 to request information in an alternate format, including translated to another language.